

**Request to become a
Trichomoniasis Certified Veterinarian
in Mississippi**

To become a Trichomoniasis Certified Veterinarian, complete the training requirements and send this completed form to:

Dr. Nancy Jackson
Mississippi Board of Animal Health
PO Box 3889 Jackson, MS 39207
nancy@mdac.ms.gov



Certification is good for a period of five years.

Veterinarians can complete the training by either attending a live training session or by completing the training module on-line.

As a licensed and accredited veterinarian, I wish to be certified to collect and submit samples for bovine trichomoniasis in Mississippi. I have received training in trichomoniasis disease epidemiology, diagnostic testing, and control through the MS State Veterinarian's office.

A copy of my test or certificate of completion is attached to this request.

Printed name: _____ Phone: _____

Address: _____

City/State/Zip: _____ Email: _____

USDA Accreditation # _____ MS License #: _____

Signature: _____ Date: _____

Training date: _____ Method: Online In person by: _____

State Veterinarian's office approval: Test Score: _____/12

Signature: _____ Date: _____

Printed name: _____

Definitions:

Accredited veterinarian – a veterinarian approved by the APHIS administrator in accordance with the provisions of 9 CFR, part 161, to perform functions required by State-Federal-Industry cooperative programs.

Trichomoniasis - certified veterinarian - an accredited veterinarian who has completed a Mississippi trichomoniasis training program and is certified with the Mississippi State Veterinarian to collect and submit samples.

Certification Test

1. In Mississippi, a bull is considered a virgin bull if _____:
 - a) It is less than 18 months of age
 - b) it is less than 24 months of age
 - c) It has not been with breeding-aged females
 - d) both a & c are true
 - e) Both b & c are true
2. Which of the following is considered an official trichomoniasis test in bulls according to the MBAH? _____
 - a) A single PCR
 - b) a single culture
 - c) an ELISA test
 - d) A serum antibody test
 - e) a complete breeding soundness exam (BSE)
3. In MS, in order to submit samples for trichomoniasis testing, the submitter must _____:
 - a) Be licensed to practice veterinary medicine
 - b) Be Category II accredited through the USDA
 - c) Pass the MS Bovine Trichomoniasis Control Program certification test
 - d) Meet all of the above requirements
4. As of April 1, 2020 the sale or transfer of bulls within the state of Mississippi requires a negative trichomoniasis test: _____
 - a) Within 7 days of sale or transfer
 - b) Within 30 days of sale or transfer
 - c) Within 60 days of sale or transfer
 - d) Within 90 days of sale or transfer
 - e) Never – only bulls moving interstate need trichomoniasis testing.
5. As of April 1, 2020 bulls over 18 months of age sold at the stockyards: _____
 - a) Must be trichomoniasis tested to go back on-farm
 - b) Must be sold for slaughter only if not tested
 - c) May be tested at sale and kept under quarantine
 - d) Can be disposed of in any of the above ways.
6. The *tritrichomonas foetus* organism _____.
 - a) Is easily detected in infected animals.
 - b) Survives well in the outside environment.
 - c) Only affects males.
 - d) Does not infect bull younger than 2 years of age.
 - e) Is spread through sexual contact.
7. Animals should be sexually rested for a minimum of _____ before testing.
 - a) 1 day
 - b) 4 days
 - c) 7 days
 - d) 14 days
 - e) 21 days

8. The appropriate pipette length used in sample collection is _____.
a) 10 – 18 inches
b) 18 – 22 inches
c) 26 – 30 inches
d) 32 – 36 inches
9. The proper technique for collecting samples for trichomoniasis testing includes _____.
a) the use of saline containing antibiotics to clean the prepuce before scraping
b) using brisk strokes, collecting near the penile orifice
c) that the sample be opaque from cellular debris
d) after collection immediately packing collected samples on ice
10. Non-incubated samples must reach the diagnostic laboratory within _____ of collection.
a) 24 hours (1 day)
b) 48 hours (2 days)
c) 72 hours (3 days)
d) 94 hours (4 days)
e) 120 hours (5 days)
11. The proper incubation temperature and time to follow when using the pouch system is _____.
a) 82.4 – 96.4 degrees for up to 72 hours (3 days)
b) 82.4 – 96.4 degrees for up to 120 hours (5 days)
c) 96.8 – 100.4 degrees for up to 48 hours (2 days)
d) 96.8 – 100.4 degrees for up to 96 hours (4 days)
e) 100.4 – 106.8 degrees for 48 hours (2 days)
12. Proper shipping of samples should include _____:
a) freezing samples prior to shipment
b) shipping samples on ice
c) overnight shipping
d) pooling samples
e) payment